

World War I and Post World War I Study Guide

Test: Wednesday, November 16th

1. World War I began in 1914 and ended in 1918 and began in Europe.
2. World War I used trench warfare. This is a type of fighting in which soldiers dig ditches for protection that extended for miles along the battlefield.
3. An alliance is an agreement to work together. (Like friends working together for the common good).
4. Countries in each alliance promised to help each other if attacked.
5. At the start of the War, (before the U.S. became involved) trade was very important in the United States. Many American factories converted to making goods such as weapons and steel to send to Europe.
6. The United States wanted to remain neutral. We did not want to become involved in a World War.
7. However, in 1917, the Germans declared all-out submarine warfare on ships carrying supplies to the Allied ports.
8. The United States of America became involved in WWI in 1917 after the Lusitania was sunk. The Lusitania was a merchant ship that had 128 Americans on board.
9. At the end of WWI in 1918, the Treaty of Versailles was signed to mark the end of the war. The United and our allies were victorious. The Germans were angry, which ultimately led to World War II.
10. Woodrow Wilson: The President of the United States who tried to keep the United States out of WWI.
11. Know the following people: Louis Armstrong (Jazz Age), Babe Ruth (Baseball), Henry Ford (Automobile/**Assembly Line**), Langston Hughes, (Harlem Renaissance), Charles Lindbergh (airplane).
12. The Nineteenth Amendment: Gave women the right to vote.
13. The Stock Market **BOOMED** during the 1920s.
14. Prohibition: When all alcoholic beverages were banned.
15. Entrepreneur: Someone who will risk everything to own and start a new business.
16. Competition: Competing with other businesses to remain open by lowering prices as incentives.
17. The Treaty of Versailles: The treaty that was signed that ended WWI.